



---

Managed by Fermi Research Alliance, LLC for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science

---

# High Power Proton beam for DUNE

Rob Ainsworth

Neutrino 2022

4 June 2022

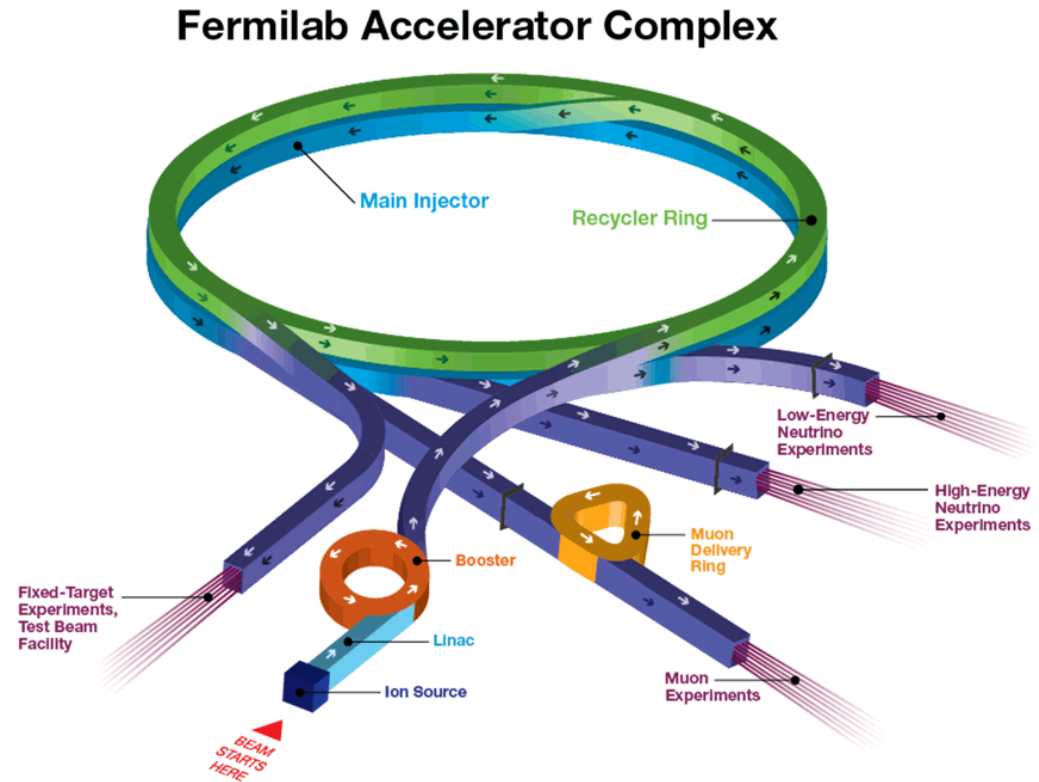
# Outline

---

- Accelerator complex
  - Recycler & Main Injector
  - Slip-stacking
- The path to 1.2 MW (PIP-II)
- Beyond PIP-II - towards 2.4MW
  - Linac option
  - RCS option

# Accelerator Complex

- H- linac
  - $h = 84$
  - 15 Hz
  - 400 MeV  $\rightarrow$  8 GeV
- Recycler
  - $h = 588$
  - Slip-stack 12 batches (double bunch intensity)
- Main Injector
  - 8 GeV  $\rightarrow$  120 GeV



# Recycler and Main Injector

## Recycler



## Main Injector

Main Injector beam pipe

Recycler beam pipe

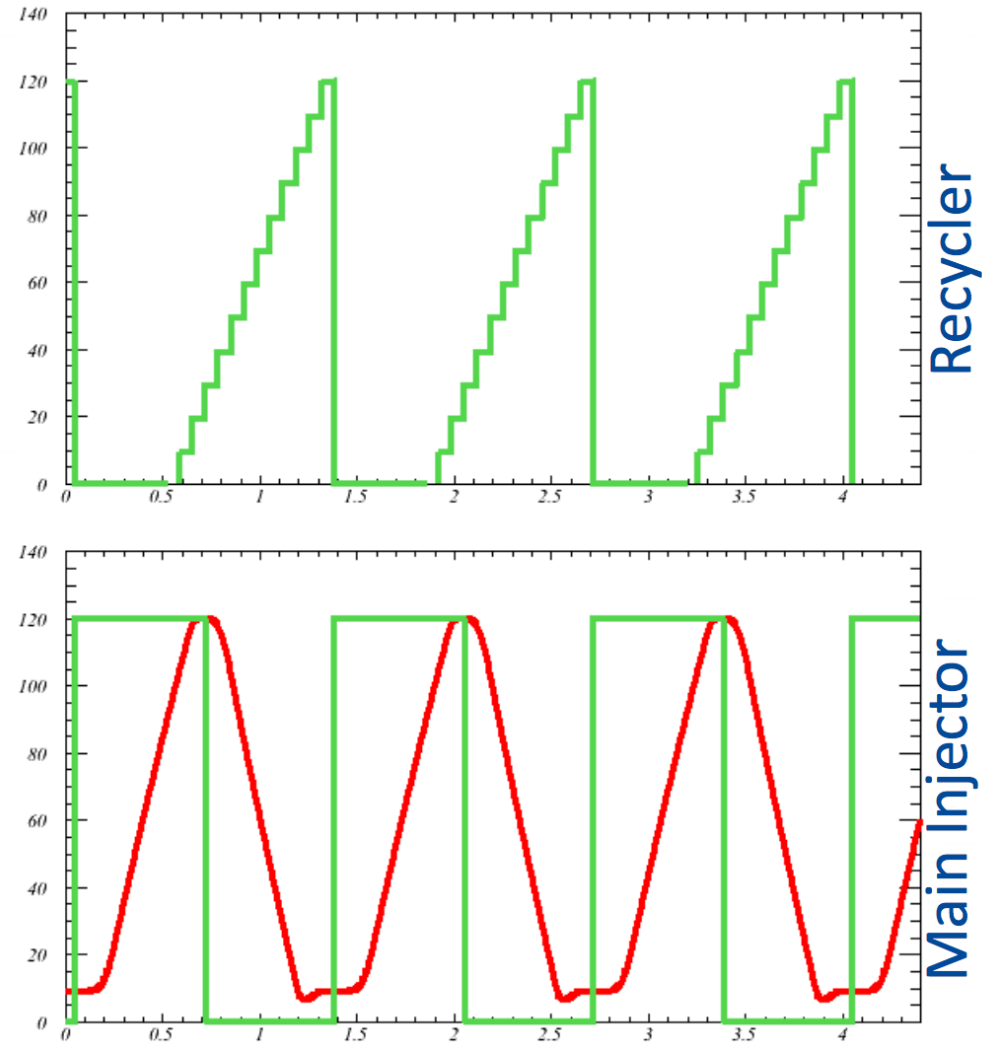
- Recycler is a permanent magnet storage ring
- Shares the tunnel with the Main Injector
- Originally named to recycle antiprotons from Tevatron which it never did!
- Eventually it stored and cooled antiprotons
- Contributed greatly towards increased Tevatron luminosity

**Never designed for its current purpose**



# Using the Recycler as a stacker

- Slip-stack in the Recycler
- Increase the MI ramp rate (204 GeV/s to 240 GeV/s)
  - 2.2- $\rightarrow$ 1.33 s cycle time
- Achieve 700 kW with just a 10% increase in beam intensity from MI only
- Cycle time reduced to 1.2s since 2019



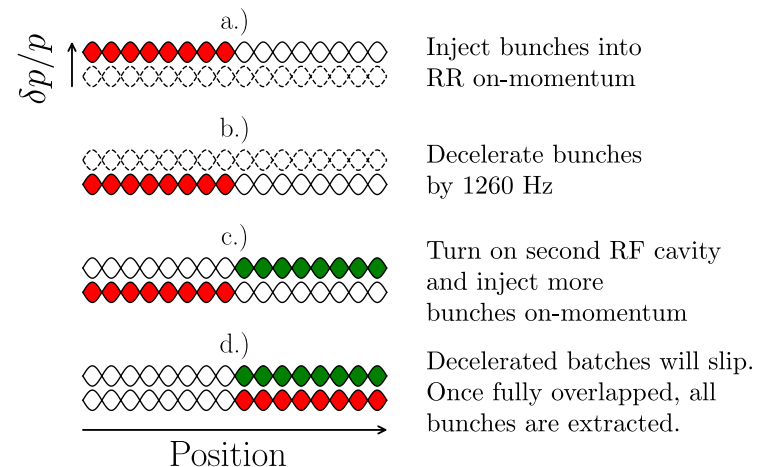
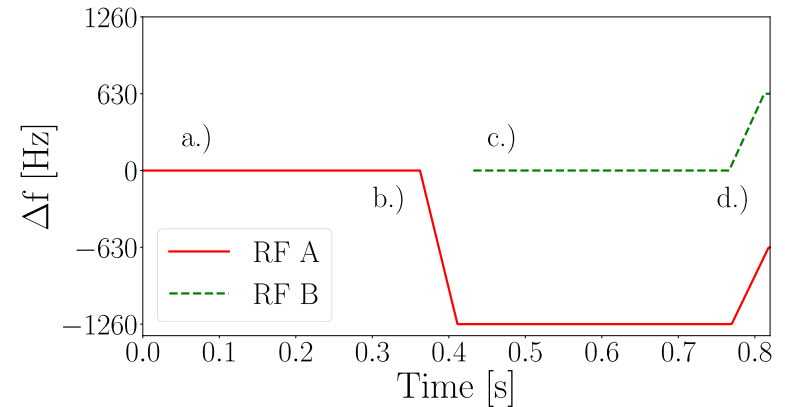
# Slip-stacking

- Slip-stacking allows us to double the intensity of the bunches in the Recycler

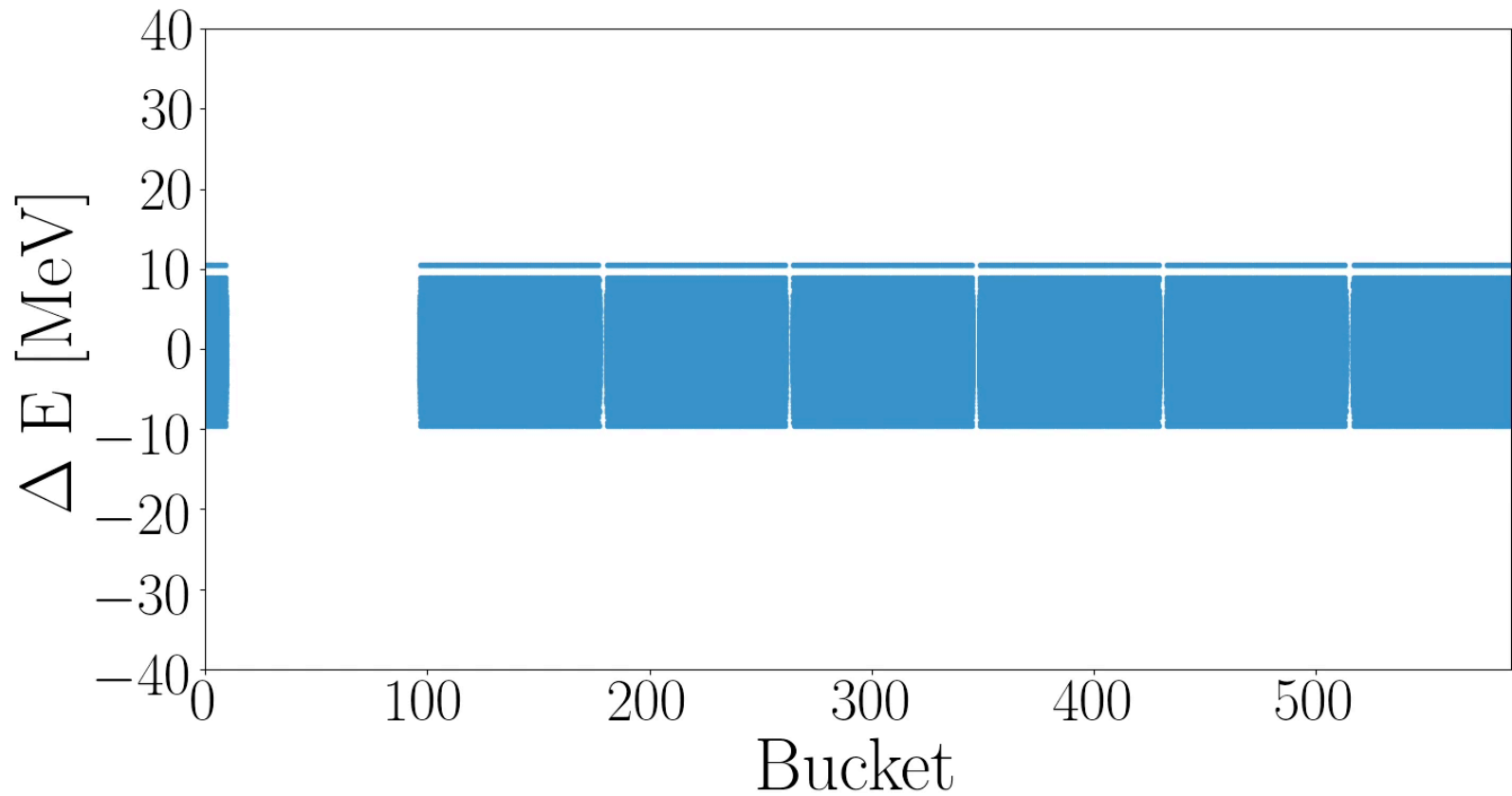
$$\Delta f = h_b f_b$$

$$h_b = 84$$

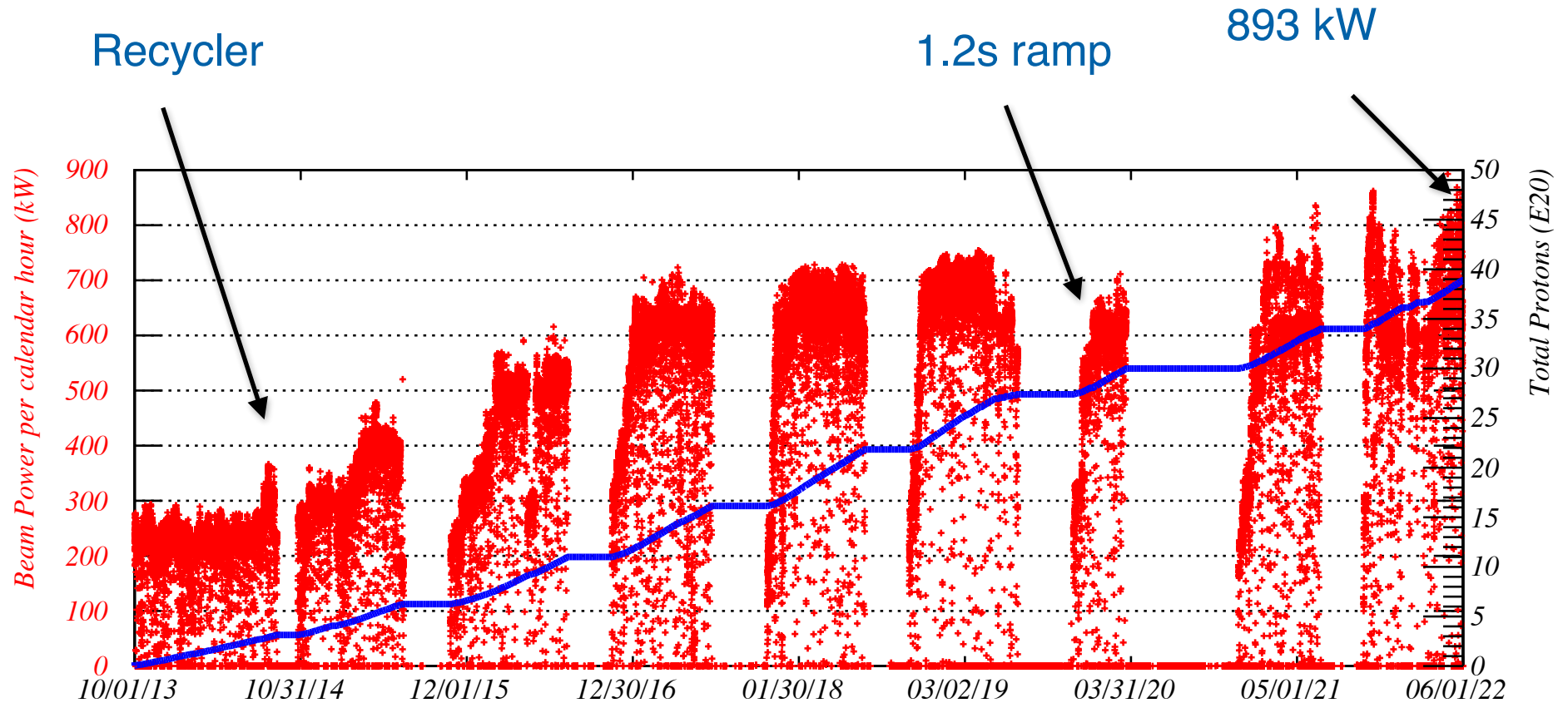
$$f_b = 15\text{Hz}$$



# Slip-stacking



# Current performance



---

## Path to 1.2 MW - PIP II

# PIP-II



PIP-II

SRF Linac

Transfer Line

Main Injector

Booster

Existing Linac

*PIP-II will provide a highly capable, reliable, upgradeable and expandable scientific infrastructure*



# PIP-II performance

Injection into Booster	Current Performance	PIP-II (LBNF)
Booster Injection Energy	400 MeV	800 MeV
Particles per Pulse	$4.7 \times 10^{12}$	$6.7 \times 10^{12}$
Linac Beam Current	25 mA	2 mA
Linac Pulse Length	30 $\mu$ s	550 $\mu$ s
Pulse Repetition Rate	15 Hz	20 Hz

Main Injector	Current Performance	PIP-II
Beam Energy	120 GeV	60-120 GeV
Cycle time	1.2 sec	1.2 sec
Beam Power (60 - 120 GeV)	0.9 MW	1.03 - 1.2 MW

PIP-II Upgradability	Linac	Beam on LBNF target
Upgrade potential	CW, 2 MW @ 1GeV, $E_{\text{beam}} > 1\text{GeV}$	2.4 MW @ 120 GeV

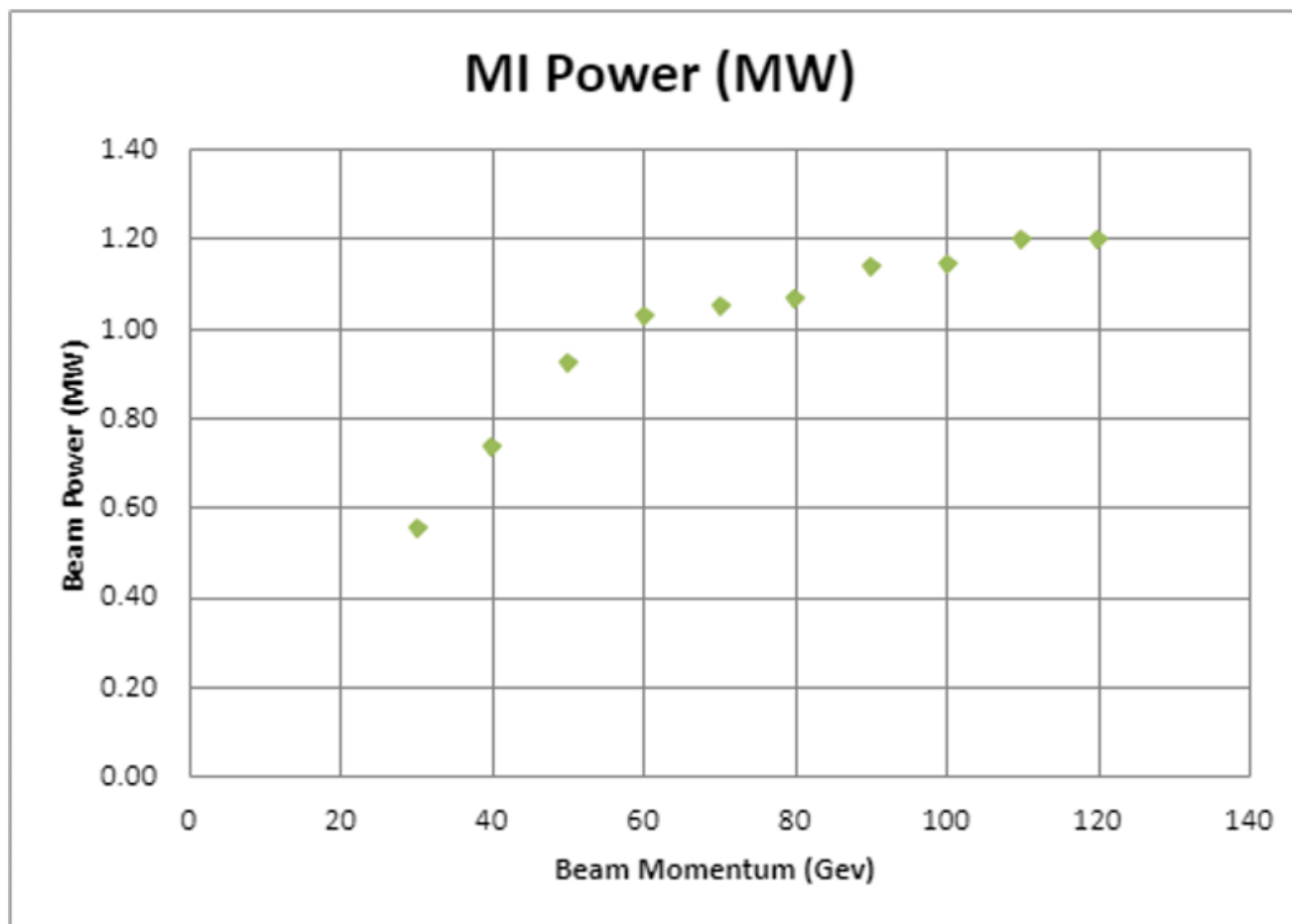


# Upgrades in current Accelerators required for PIP-II.

---

- Booster has to accommodate beam stripping from the new Linac and accelerate 50% more beam.
  - New injection girder with a new stripping system and absorber.
  - New RF cavities (higher voltage, larger aperture).
  - Damper and collimator upgrades.
  - 20 Hz modifications.
- Recycles has to slip stack 50% more beam at 1680 Hz separation
  - New 53 MHz cavities for slip stacking (Higher voltage; CW capability).
- MI has to accelerate 50% more beam.
  - RF Power.
  - Gamma-t jump.

# MI beam power vs momentum

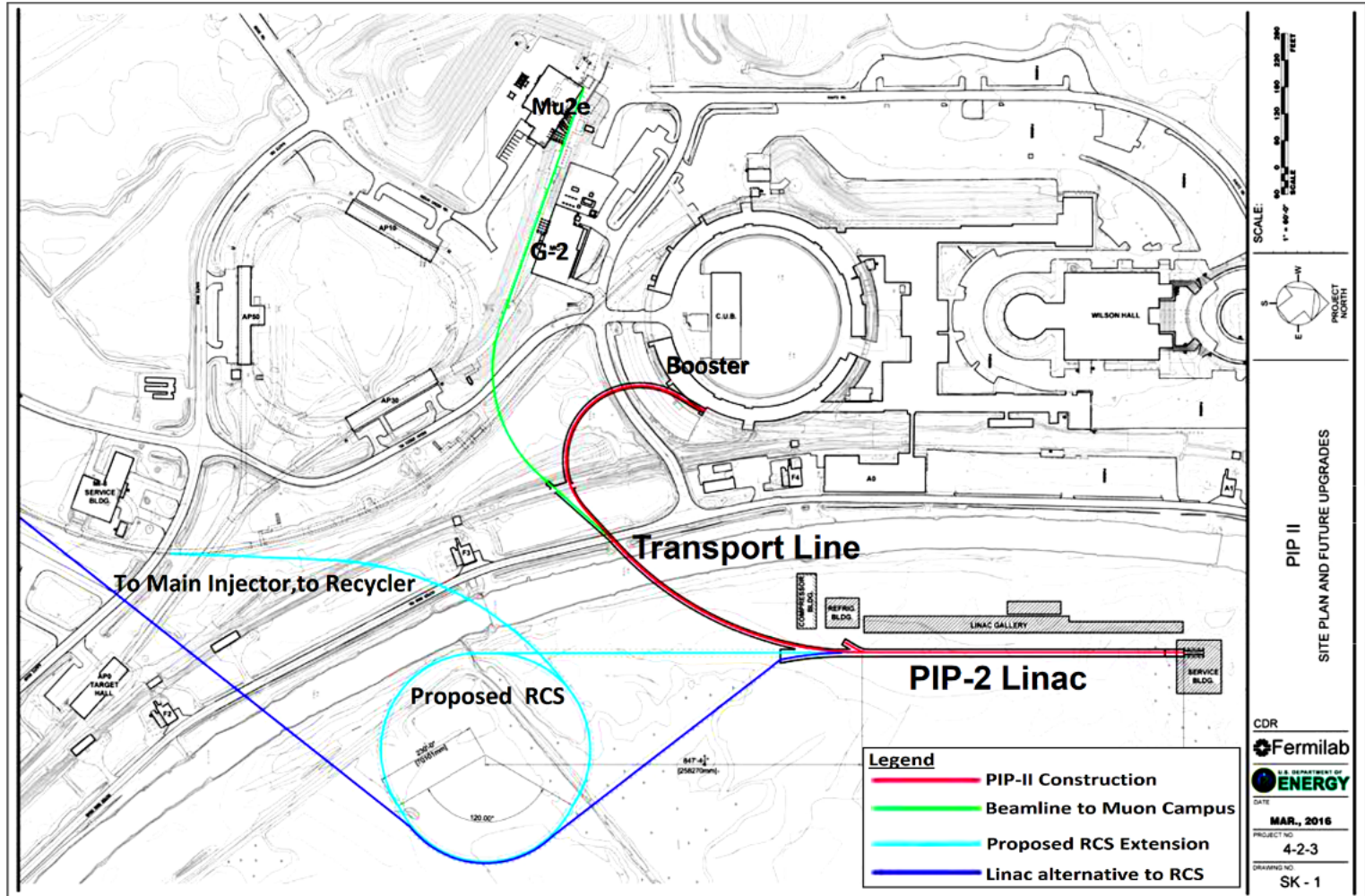


---

**Beyond PIP II - pushing to 2.4 MW**

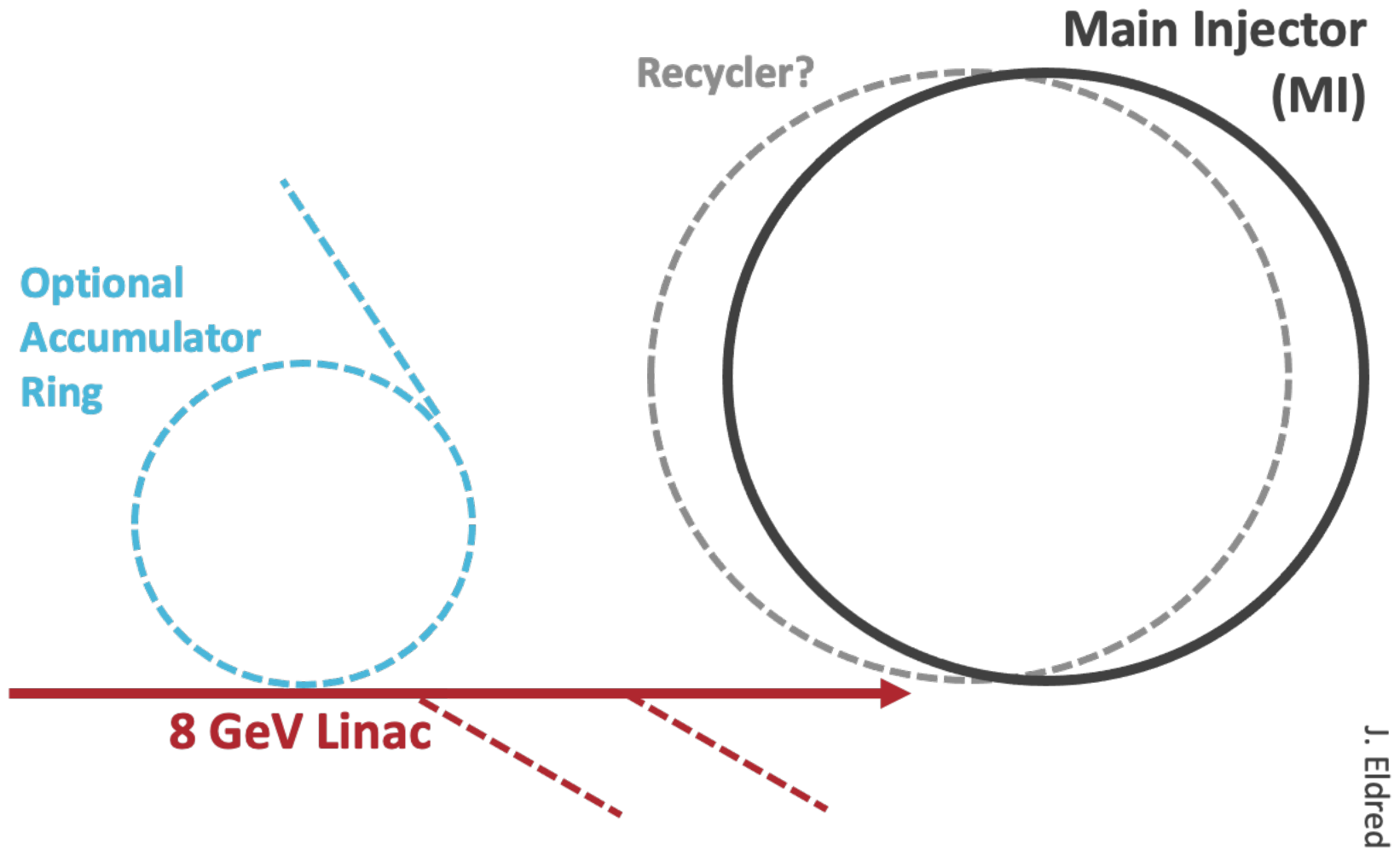
**Time to replace the booster....**

# Beyond PIP II

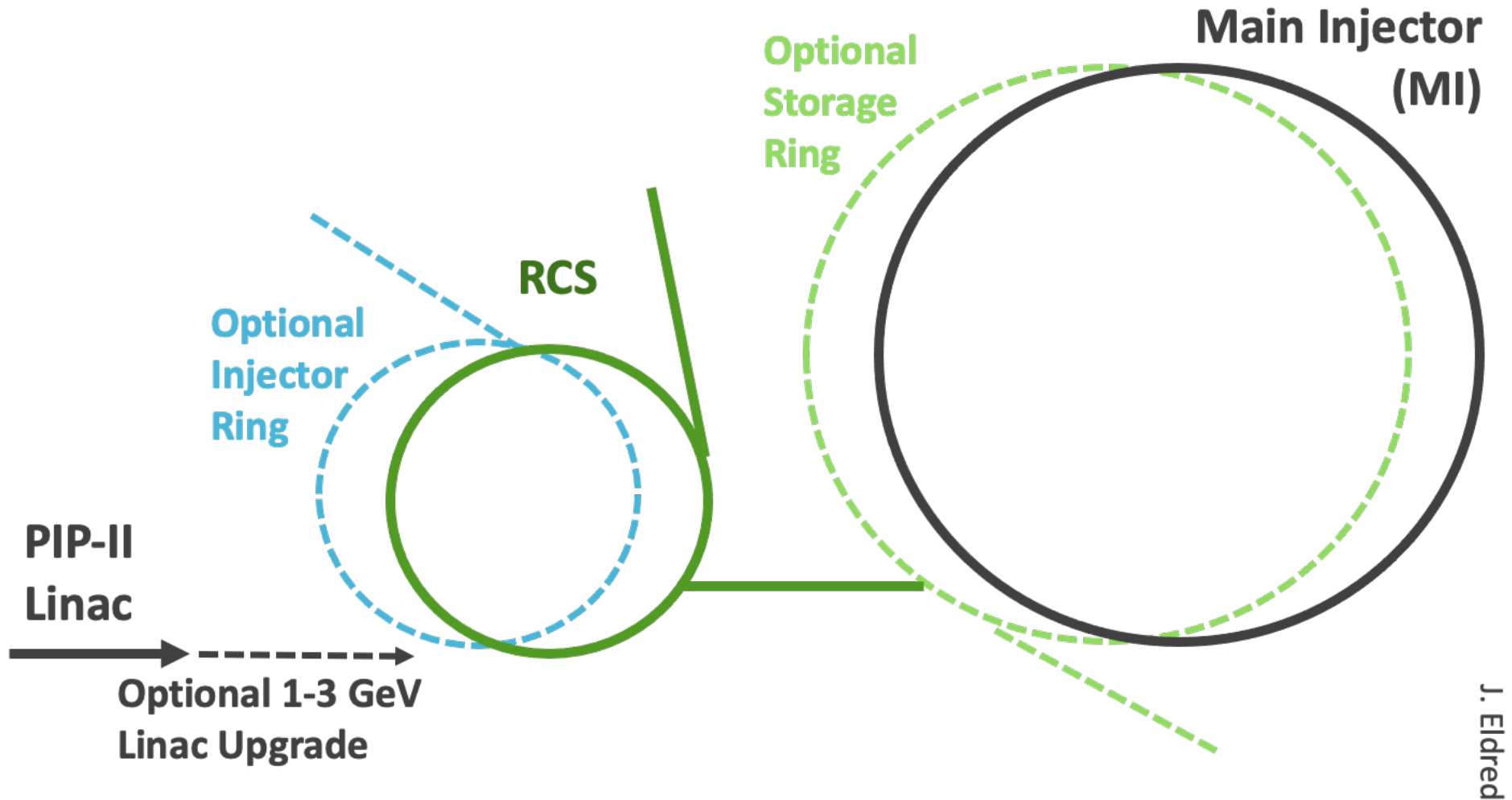


(Linac and RCS not to scale)

# Linac option



# Rapid Cycling Synchrotron (RCS) option



J. Eldred

# Summary

---

- FNAL accelerator complex currently capable of achieving ~900 kW
- PIP-II upgrades will push this to 1.2 MW
- Investigating options for going to 2.4MW in the future
  - Linac option vs RCS option